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*ENCOMPPAT2 - EnCompass Patent File 1964-Present (Non-Supporters)

* The files listed above are temporarily unavailable.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:01:12 ON 25 JUL 2005

=> file medline

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY 0.21

SESSION 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:01:25 ON 25 JUL 2005

FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 JUL 2005 (20050723/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

On December 19, 2004, the 2005 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2005 is now available. For details enter HELP RLOAD at an arrow promt (=>). See also:

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04 mesh.html

OLDMEDLINE now back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2005 vocabulary.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s WNT

3897 WNT

336 WNTS

L13942 WNT

(WNT OR WNTS)

=> s l1 (S) antagon?

518406 ANTAGON?

244 L1 (S) ANTAGON? L2

=> s osteo? or bone

211167 OSTEO?

424243 BONE

91740 BONES

446342 BONE

(BONE OR BONES)

L3 553450 OSTEO? OR BONE

 \Rightarrow s 13 and 12

70 L3 AND L2 L4

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=> s multiple myeloma
        445180 MULTIPLE
          3940 MULTIPLES
        446855 MULTIPLE
                 (MULTIPLE OR MULTIPLES)
         30767 MYELOMA
           763 MYELOMAS
         31029 MYELOMA
                 (MYELOMA OR MYELOMAS)
L5
         22597 MULTIPLE MYELOMA
                 (MULTIPLE (W) MYELOMA)
=> s 15 and 14
            1 L5 AND L4
L6
=> d ibib 1
    ANSWER 1 OF 1
                       MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2003612654
                                   MEDLINE
                    PubMed ID: 14695408
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    The role of the Wnt-signaling antagonist
TITLE:
                    DKK1 in the development of osteolytic lesions in
                    multiple myeloma.
                    Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2003 Dec 25;349(26):2479-80.
COMMENT:
                    PubMed ID: 14695406
                    Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Apr 1;350(14):1464-6; author
                    reply 1464-6. PubMed ID: 15070800
                    Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Apr 1;350(14):1464-6; author
                    reply 1464-6. PubMed ID: 15074002
                    Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Apr 1;350(14):1464-6; author
                    reply 1464-6. PubMed ID: 15074001
                    Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Jul 8;351(2):197-8. PubMed
                    ID: 15247367
AUTHOR:
                    Tian Erming; Zhan Fenghuang; Walker Ronald; Rasmussen Erik;
                    Ma Yupo; Barlogie Bart; Shaughnessy John D Jr
                    Donna D. and Donald M. Lambert Laboratory of Myeloma
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Genetics, Myeloma Institute for Research and Therapy,
                    College of Medicine, University of Arkansas for Medical
                    Sciences, Little Rock 72205, USA.
CONTRACT NUMBER:
                    CA55819 (NCI)
     CA97513 (NCI)
SOURCE:
                    New England journal of medicine, (2003 Dec 25) 349 (26)
                    Journal code: 0255562. ISSN: 1533-4406.
                    United States
PUB. COUNTRY:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE:
                    English
                    Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals
FILE SEGMENT:
ENTRY MONTH:
                    200401
ENTRY DATE:
                    Entered STN: 20031230
                    Last Updated on STN: 20040107
                    Entered Medline: 20040106
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:01:12 ON 25 JUL 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:01:25 ON 25 JUL 2005
           3942 S WNT
L1
L2
            244 S L1 (S) ANTAGON?
L3
         553450 S OSTEO? OR BONE
L4
             70 S L3 AND L2
```

L5

22597 S MULTIPLE MYELOMA

L8

=> s 12 and 15

L7 1 L2 AND L5

=> s myeloma

30767 MYELOMA 763 MYELOMAS 31029 MYELOMA

(MYELOMA OR MYELOMAS)

 \Rightarrow s 18 and 12

L9 1 L8 AND L2

 \Rightarrow s 11 and 13

L10 451 L1 AND L3

=> s 110 and 15

L11 7 L10 AND L5

=> s l11 not py>2002 1489868 PY>2002

L12 1 L11 NOT PY>2002

=> d ibib

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001420323 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11468178
TITLE: Identifying intercellu

Identifying intercellular signaling genes expressed in malignant plasma cells by using complementary DNA arrays.

AUTHOR: De Vos J; Couderc G; Tarte K; Jourdan M; Requirand G;

Delteil M C; Rossi J F; Mechti N; Klein B

CORPORATE SOURCE: INSERM U475, Unit for Cellular Therapy, CHU Montpellier, 99

Rue Puech Villa, 34197 Montpellier Cedex 5, France.

SOURCE: Blood, (2001 Aug 1) 98 (3) 771-80.

Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200109

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010917

Last Updated on STN: 20010917 Entered Medline: 20010913

=> d kwic

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MEDLINE on STN

AB In multiple myeloma (MM), the growth of primary plasma cells depends not only on interleukin-6 (IL-6), but also on additional unidentified signals delivered by the bone marrow environment. Using Atlas complementary DNA (cDNA) arrays comprising 268 genes coding for intercellular signaling molecules, this study identified genes. . receptor (TR) that is linked to HB-EGF and syndecan-1 processing and to cell invasion, chemokine receptors CCR1 and CCR2, the Wnt pathway actor Frizzled-related protein (FRZB), and the Notch receptor ligand Jagged 2. These data, obtained with the Atlas cDNA array, . .

CT B-Lymphocytes: ME, metabolism Cell Division: DE, drug effects

Epidermal Growth Factor: ME, metabolism

Flow Cytometry

Gene Expression: GE, genetics

```
Multiple Myeloma: GE, genetics
       *Multiple Myeloma: ME, metabolism
       Multiple Myeloma: PA, pathology
      Neoplasm Proteins: GE, genetics
     Neoplasm Proteins: ME, metabolism
     *Oligonucleotide Array Sequence Analysis: MT, methods
     *Plasma Cells:.
=> s (dickkopf () 1) or (DKK () 1)
            85 DICKKOPF
             8 DICKKOPFS
            90 DICKKOPF
                 (DICKKOPF OR DICKKOPFS)
       3513889 1
            49 DICKKOPF (W) 1
           119 DKK
             9 DKKS
           121 DKK
                 (DKK OR DKKS)
       3513889 1
            44 DKK (W) 1
L13
            70 (DICKKOPF (W) 1) OR (DKK (W) 1)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:01:12 ON 25 JUL 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:01:25 ON 25 JUL 2005
L1
           3942 S WNT
L2
            244 S L1 (S) ANTAGON?
L3
         553450 S OSTEO? OR BONE
L4
             70 S L3 AND L2
L5
          22597 S MULTIPLE MYELOMA
              1 S L5 AND L4
L6
              1 S L2 AND L5
L7
          31029 S MYELOMA
\Gamma8
L9
              1 S L8 AND L2
L10
            451 S L1 AND L3
              7 S L10 AND L5
L11
L12
              1 S L11 NOT PY>2002
             70 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DKK () 1)
L13
=> s 113 and 111
             2 L13 AND L11
L14
=> d ibib 1-2
L14 ANSWER 1 OF 2
                       MEDLINE on STN
                    2005314981
                                   IN-PROCESS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    PubMed ID: 15965110
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                    How wnt signaling affects bone repair
                    by mesenchymal stem cells from the bone marrow.
AUTHOR:
                    Gregory Carl A; Gunn William G; Reyes Emigdio; Smolarz
                    Angela J; Munoz James; Spees Jeffrey L; Prockop Darwin J
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Center for Gene Therapy, Tulane University Health Sciences
                    Center, 1430 Tulane Avenue, New Orleans, LA 70112..
                    ca gregory@hotmail.com
SOURCE:
                    Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, (2005 May) 1049
                    97-106.
                    Journal code: 7506858. ISSN: 0077-8923.
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    United States
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DOCUMENT TYPE:
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Humans

LANGUAGE: English NONMEDLINE; IN-DATA-REVIEW; IN-PROCESS; NONINDEXED; FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals Entered STN: 20050621 ENTRY DATE: Last Updated on STN: 20050621 L14 ANSWER 2 OF 2 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003612654 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 14695408 DOCUMENT NUMBER: The role of the Wnt-signaling antagonist DKK1 in TITLE: the development of osteolytic lesions in multiple myeloma. Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2003 Dec 25;349(26):2479-80. COMMENT: PubMed ID: 14695406 Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Apr 1;350(14):1464-6; author reply 1464-6. PubMed ID: 15070800 Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Apr 1;350(14):1464-6; author reply 1464-6. PubMed ID: 15074002 Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Apr 1;350(14):1464-6; author reply 1464-6. PubMed ID: 15074001 Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 Jul 8;351(2):197-8. PubMed ID: 15247367 AUTHOR: Tian Erming; Zhan Fenghuang; Walker Ronald; Rasmussen Erik; Ma Yupo; Barlogie Bart; Shaughnessy John D Jr Donna D. and Donald M. Lambert Laboratory of Myeloma CORPORATE SOURCE: Genetics, Myeloma Institute for Research and Therapy, College of Medicine, University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences, Little Rock 72205, USA. CONTRACT NUMBER: CA55819 (NCI) CA97513 (NCI) SOURCE: New England journal of medicine, (2003 Dec 25) 349 (26) 2483-94. Journal code: 0255562. ISSN: 1533-4406. United States PUB. COUNTRY: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT: ENTRY MONTH: 200401 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20031230 Last Updated on STN: 20040107 Entered Medline: 20040106 => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:01:12 ON 25 JUL 2005) FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:01:25 ON 25 JUL 2005 L13942 S WNT L2 244 S L1 (S) ANTAGON? L3 553450 S OSTEO? OR BONE 70 S L3 AND L2 L422597 S MULTIPLE MYELOMA L5 1 S L5 AND L4 L6 L7 1 S L2 AND L5 31029 S MYELOMA L8 L9 1 S L8 AND L2 451 S L1 AND L3 L10 7 S L10 AND L5 L111 S L11 NOT PY>2002 L12 L13 70 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DKK () 1)

2 S L13 AND L11

L14

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L12 ANSWER 1 OF 1
                       MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2001420323
                                   MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    PubMed ID: 11468178
                    Identifying intercellular signaling genes expressed in
TITLE:
                    malignant plasma cells by using complementary DNA arrays.
                    De Vos J; Couderc G; Tarte K; Jourdan M; Requirand G;
AUTHOR:
                    Delteil M C; Rossi J F; Mechti N; Klein B
                    INSERM U475, Unit for Cellular Therapy, CHU Montpellier, 99
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Rue Puech Villa, 34197 Montpellier Cedex 5, France.
SOURCE:
                    Blood, (2001 Aug 1) 98 (3) 771-80.
                    Journal code: 7603509. ISSN: 0006-4971.
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    United States
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                    English
                    Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals
FILE SEGMENT:
                    200109
ENTRY MONTH:
                    Entered STN: 20010917
ENTRY DATE:
                    Last Updated on STN: 20010917
                    Entered Medline: 20010913
     In multiple myeloma (MM), the growth of primary plasma
AB
     cells depends not only on interleukin-6 (IL-6), but also on additional
     unidentified signals delivered by the bone marrow environment.
     Using Atlas complementary DNA (cDNA) arrays comprising 268 genes coding
     for intercellular signaling molecules, this study identified genes. .
     receptor (TR) that is linked to HB-EGF and syndecan-1 processing and to
     cell invasion, chemokine receptors CCR1 and CCR2, the Wnt
     pathway actor Frizzled-related protein (FRZB), and the Notch receptor
     ligand Jagged 2. These data, obtained with the Atlas cDNA array,. . .
      B-Lymphocytes: ME, metabolism
      Cell Division: DE, drug effects
      Epidermal Growth Factor: ME, metabolism
      Flow Cytometry
      Gene Expression: GE, genetics
      Humans
        Multiple Myeloma: GE, genetics
       *Multiple Myeloma: ME, metabolism
       Multiple Myeloma: PA, pathology
      Neoplasm Proteins: GE, genetics
      Neoplasm Proteins: ME, metabolism
     *Oligonucleotide Array Sequence Analysis: MT, methods
     *Plasma Cells:.
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:01:12 ON 25 JUL 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:01:25 ON 25 JUL 2005
           3942 S WNT
L1
            244 S L1 (S) ANTAGON?
L2
L3
         553450 S OSTEO? OR BONE
             70 S L3 AND L2
L4
          22597 S MULTIPLE MYELOMA
L5
L6
              1 S L5 AND L4
              1 S L2 AND L5
L7
          31029 S MYELOMA
L8
L9
              1 S L8 AND L2
L10
            451 S L1 AND L3
              7 S L10 AND L5
L11
              1 S L11 NOT PY>2002
L12
L13
            70 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DKK () 1)
             2 S L13 AND L11
L14
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=> s 113 and 13

L15 19 L13 AND L3

=> s 115 and express?
 932565 EXPRESS?

L16 14 L15 AND EXPRESS?

=> s 116 not py>2002 1489868 PY>2002

L17 6 L16 NOT PY>2002

=> d ibib 1-3

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002693855 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12455632

TITLE: Bmp, Fgf and Wnt signalling in programmed cell death and chondrogenesis during vertebrate limb development: the role

of Dickkopf-1.

AUTHOR: Grotewold Lars; Ruther Ulrich

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fur Entwicklungs- und Molekularbiologie der Tiere

(EMT), Heinrich-Heine-Universitat, Dusseldorf, Germany.

SOURCE: International journal of developmental biology, (2002) 46

(7) 943-7.

Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.

PUB. COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200306

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20021214

Last Updated on STN: 20030619 Entered Medline: 20030618

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002280313 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12021176

TITLE: Global gene profiling in human endometrium during the

window of implantation.

AUTHOR: Kao L C; Tulac S; Lobo S; Imani B; Yang J P; Germeyer A;

Osteen K; Taylor R N; Lessey B A; Giudice L C

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics, Stanford

University, Stanford, California 94305, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: U54 HD31398 (NICHD)

SOURCE: Endocrinology, (2002 Jun) 143 (6) 2119-38.

Journal code: 0375040. ISSN: 0013-7227.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200206

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020522

Last Updated on STN: 20020619 Entered Medline: 20020618

L17 ANSWER 3 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002131765 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11867524

TITLE: The Wnt antagonist Dickkopf-1 is

regulated by Bmp signaling and c-Jun and modulates

programmed cell death.

AUTHOR: Grotewold Lars; Ruther Ulrich

CORPORATE SOURCE: Entwicklungs- und Molekularbiologie der Tiere,

Heinrich-Heine Universitat, D-40225 Dusseldorf, Germany...

lars.grotewold@uni-duesseldorf.de

SOURCE: EMBO journal, (2002 Mar 1) 21 (5) 966-75.

Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.

England: United Kingdom PUB. COUNTRY:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

English LANGUAGE:

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200205

Entered STN: 20020228 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 20020515 Entered Medline: 20020514

=> d ibib 4-6

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN 2001447406 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDLINE

PubMed ID: 11291860 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

The role of the homeodomain protein Bozozok in zebrafish TITLE:

axis formation.

AUTHOR: Solnica-Krezel L; Driever W

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Biology, Vanderbilt University,

Nashville, Tennessee 37235, USA.. lilianna.solnica-

krezel@vanderbilt.edu

International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45 SOURCE:

(1) 299-310.

Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.

PUB. COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200108

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010813

Last Updated on STN: 20010813 Entered Medline: 20010809

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN 2001150174 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDLINE

PubMed ID: 11159911 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Wnt antagonism initiates cardiogenesis in Xenopus laevis. TITLE:

AUTHOR: Schneider V A; Mercola M

Department of Cell Biology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Massachusetts 02115, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: RO1 HL59502 (NHLBI)

SOURCE: Genes & development, (2001 Feb 1) 15 (3) 304-15.

Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DOCUMENT TYPE:

English LANGUAGE:

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 200103

Entered STN: 20010404 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 20010404 Entered Medline: 20010315

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999425169 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 10495270 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Dickkopf genes are co-ordinately expressed in

mesodermal lineages.

Monaghan A P; Kioschis P; Wu W; Zuniga A; Bock D; Poustka AUTHOR:

A; Delius H; Niehrs C

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Biology of the Cell I, Deutsches

Krebsforschungszentrum, Im Neuenheimer Feld 280, D-69120,

Heidelberg, Germany.

SOURCE: Mechanisms of development, (1999 Sep) 87 (1-2) 45-56.

Journal code: 9101218. ISSN: 0925-4773.

PUB. COUNTRY: Ireland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AJ243963; GENBANK-AJ243964

ENTRY MONTH: 200003

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000327

Last Updated on STN: 20000327 Entered Medline: 20000316

=> d kwic 6

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 6 MEDLINE on STN

TI Dickkopf genes are co-ordinately expressed in mesodermal lineages.

AB Dickkopf-1 (dkk-1) is member of a novel family of secreted proteins and functions in head induction during Xenopus embryogenesis, acting as a. . . of two additional murine members of the dkk family, dkk-2 and dkk-3; and (2) analysis of adult and embryonic gene expression of mouse dkk-1,-2, and -3, Xenopus dkk-1 as well as chicken dkk-3. Comparative developmental analyses of the dkk-1, dkk-2 and dkk-3 in mice indicate that these genes are both temporally and spatially regulated. They define overlapping deep domains in mesenchymal lineages suggesting a co-ordinated mode of action. All dkks show distinct and elevated expression patterns in tissues that mediate epithelial- mesenchyme transformations suggesting that they may participate in heart, tooth, hair and whisker follicle, limb and bone induction. In the limb buds expression of these genes are found in regions of programmed cell death. In a given organ, dkk-1 tends to be the earliest member expressed Comparison with Xenopus dkk-1 and chicken dkk-3 shows evolutionarily conserved expression patterns. Our observations indicate that dkk genes constitute a new family of secreted

proteins that may mediate inductive interactions between. . .

CT Amino Acid Sequence

Animals

Ectoderm: ME, metabolism

Epithelial Cells: ME, metabolism

*Gene Expression Regulation, Developmental

In Situ Hybridization
*Mesoderm: ME, metabolism

Mice

Molecular Sequence Data *Proteins: GE, genetics *Proteins: ME, metabolism

Reverse. .

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
5.44 5.65

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:06:53 ON 25 JUL 2005
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 25 Jul 2005 VOL 143 ISS 5 FILE LAST UPDATED: 24 Jul 2005 (20050724/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s WNT

4331 WNT 330 WNTS

L18 4365 WNT

(WNT OR WNTS)

=> s 11 (S) antagon?

4331 WNT 330 WNTS

4365 WNT

(WNT OR WNTS)

270850 ANTAGON?

L19 273 L1 (S) ANTAGON?

=> s 118 (S) antagon?

270850 ANTAGON?

L20 273 L18 (S) ANTAGON?

=> s myeloma

16718 MYELOMA

557 MYELOMAS

L21 16913 MYELOMA

(MYELOMA OR MYELOMAS)

=> s 120 and 121

L22 5 L20 AND L21

=> d ibib 1-3

L22 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:450819 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:461611

TITLE: Diagnosis, prognosis and identification of potential

therapeutic targets of multiple myeloma

based on gene expression profiling

INVENTOR(S): Shaughnessy, John D.; Barlogie, Bart; Zhan, Fenghuang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 80 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 454,263.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

_____ ____ _____ -----US 2005112630 A1 20050526 US 2004-931780 20040901 US 2003175753 A1 20030918 US 2002-289746 20021107 US 2003232364 A1 20031218 US 2003-409004 20030408 US 2004009523 A1 20040115 US 2003-454263 20030604 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2001-348238P P 20011107 US 2002-355386P P 20020208 US 2002-403075P P 20020813 US 2002-289746 A2 20021107 US 2003-409004 A2 20030408 US 2003-454263 A2 20030604

L22 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:992468 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:371352

TITLE: Wnt signaling antagonist DKK1 in

the development of osteolytic lesion in multiple

myeloma

AUTHOR(S): Sato, Kanji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Clinical Endocrinology, Tokyo

Women≈s Medical University, Tokyo, 162-8666,

Japan

SOURCE: Ketsueki, Shuyoka (2004), 49(2), 166-170

CODEN: KETSBI; ISSN: 0915-8529

PUBLISHER: Kagaku Hyoronsha

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: Japanese

L22 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515641 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:52350

TITLE: Expression of genes DKK1 and FRZB as molecular

determinants of myeloma bone disease and

transcription regulation for treatment thereof

INVENTOR(S): Shaughnessy, John D.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Board of Trustees of the University of Arkansas,

USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.						DATE					
WO	WO 2004053063			A2 20040624		WO 2003-US38372				20031204								
WO	2004	004053063			А3	3 20041125												
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US	US 2004137489			A1 20040715			US 2003-727461				20031204							
PRIORITY	PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:						US 2002-431040P			P 20021205								

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:40999 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:109553

TITLE:

Diagnosis, prognosis and identification of potential

therapeutic targets of multiple myeloma

based on gene expression profiling

INVENTOR(S):

Shaughnessy, John D.; Zhan, Fenghuang; Barlogie, Bart

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 67 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 409,004.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

LANGUAGE:

Engit

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 2004009523	A1	20040115	US 2003-454263		20030604
US 2003175753	A1	20030918	US 2002-289746		20021107
US 2003232364	A1	20031218	US 2003-409004		20030408
US 2005112630	A1	20050526	US 2004-931780		20040901
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-348238P	P	20011107
			US 2002-355386P	P	20020208
			US 2002-403075P	P	20020813
			US 2002-289746	A2	20021107
			US 2003-409004	A2	20030408
			US 2003-454263	A2	20030604

L22 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:1011522 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:126264

TITLE:

The role of the Wnt-signaling

antagonist DKK1 in the development of osteolytic lesions in multiple myeloma

AUTHOR(S):

Tian, Erming; Zhan, Fenghuang; Walker, Ronald;

Rasmussen, Erik; Ma, Yupo; Barlogie, Bart;

Shaughnessy, John D., Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Donna D. and Donald M. Lambert Laboratory of Myeloma Genetics, Myeloma Institute for Research and Therapy,

College of Medicine, University of Arkansas for

Medical Sciences, Little Rock, AR, USA

SOURCE: New England Journal of Medicine (2003), 349(26),

2483-2494

CODEN: NEJMAG; ISSN: 0028-4793

Massachusetts Medical Society

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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8 DICKKOPFS

177 DICKKOPF

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8339167 1

104 DICKKOPF (W) 1

123 DKK

11 DKKS

124 DKK

(DKK OR DKKS)

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L25
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L26
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L28 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2005:450819 CAPLUS
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DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:461611

TITLE: Diagnosis, prognosis and identification of potential

therapeutic targets of multiple myeloma

based on gene expression profiling

INVENTOR(S): Shaughnessy, John D.; Barlogie, Bart; Zhan, Fenghuang

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 80 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 454,263.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
US 2005112630	A1	20050526	US 2004-931780		20040901
US 2003175753	A1	20030918	US 2002-289746		20021107
US 2003232364	A1	20031218	US 2003-409004		20030408
US 2004009523	A1	20040115	US 2003-454263		20030604
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2001-348238P	2	20011107
			US 2002-355386P	2	20020208
			US 2002-403075P	2	20020813
			US 2002-289746	42	20021107
			US 2003-409004	42	20030408
			US 2003-454263	42	20030604

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:348815 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:397651

TITLE: Inhibitors of protein Dickkopf-1

for treating osteolytic lesions in multiple

myeloma and enhancing osteogenesis

INVENTOR(S): Prockop, Darwin; Gregory, Carl; Gunn, William

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 84 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 830,352, abandoned.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2005084494	A1	20050421	US 2004-839515	20040505
US 2004235166	A1	20041125	US 2003-442506	20030521
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2003-442506	A2 20030521
			US 2004-830352	B2 20040422

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:992468 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:371352

TITLE: Wnt signaling antagonist DKK1 in the

development of osteolytic lesion in multiple

myeloma

AUTHOR(S): Sato, Kanji

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute of Clinical Endocrinology, Tokyo

Women≈s Medical University, Tokyo, 162-8666,

Japan

SOURCE: Ketsueki, Shuyoka (2004), 49(2), 166-170

CODEN: KETSBI; ISSN: 0915-8529

PUBLISHER: Kagaku Hyoronsha

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: Japanese

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515641 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:52350

TITLE: Expression of genes DKK1 and FRZB as molecular determinants of myeloma bone

disease and transcription regulation for treatment

thereof

INVENTOR(S): Shaughnessy, John D.

The Board of Trustees of the University of Arkansas, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 89 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.			KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.					DATE							
WO	WO 2004053063		A2 20040624		WO 2003-US38372					20031204								
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US	2004	1374	89		A1		2004	US 2003-727461				20031204						
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:							US 2002-431040P				P 20021205							

=> d ibib 5-7

L28 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:504577 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:219048

TITLE: Activation mechanism of osteoclasts

Sato, Kanji AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. of Medicine II, Tokyo Women's Medical University,

Tokyo, 162-8666, Japan

SOURCE: Ketsueki, Shuyoka (2004), 48(3), 274-280

CODEN: KETSBI; ISSN: 0915-8529

Kagaku Hyoronsha PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: Japanese

L28 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2004:40999 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:109553

TITLE: Diagnosis, prognosis and identification of potential

therapeutic targets of multiple myeloma

based on gene expression profiling

Shaughnessy, John D.; Zhan, Fenghuang; Barlogie, Bart INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 67 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 409,004.

CODEN: USXXCO

Patent DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 4 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
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US 2003175753	A1	20030918	US 2002-289746	2002110	7
US 2003232364	A1	20031218	US 2003-409004	2003040	8
US 2005112630	A1	20050526	US 2004-931780	2004090	1
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L28 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:1011522 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:126264

TITLE:

The role of the Wnt-signaling antagonist DKK1 in the development of osteolytic lesions in

multiple myeloma

AUTHOR(S):

Tian, Erming; Zhan, Fenghuang; Walker, Ronald; Rasmussen, Erik; Ma, Yupo; Barlogie, Bart;

Shaughnessy, John D., Jr.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Donna D. and Donald M. Lambert Laboratory of Myeloma Genetics, Myeloma Institute for Research and Therapy,

College of Medicine, University of Arkansas for

Medical Sciences, Little Rock, AR, USA

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER:

New England Journal of Medicine (2003), 349(26),

2483-2494

CODEN: NEJMAG; ISSN: 0028-4793 Massachusetts Medical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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TOTAL

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FILE LAST UPDATED:

19 JUL 2005

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MOST RECENT UPDATE WEEK:

200528

<200528/EW>

FILE COVERS 1978 TO DATE

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148 WNTS

L29

1307 WNT

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48582 ANTAG?

L30 161 L29 (S) ANTAG?

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            16 DKKS
           181 DKK
                 (DKK OR DKKS)
        920163 1
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             4 DICKKOPFS
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L34 27031 OSTEO?
=> s 134 or bone
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L35
         59451 L34 OR BONE
=> s cancer? or tumor? or neoplas?
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         58772 TUMOR?
         20120 NEOPLAS?
         87552 CANCER? OR TUMOR? OR NEOPLAS?
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L37
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     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:01:25 ON 25 JUL 2005
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L2
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L5
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L23
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L42 ANSWER 1 OF 1 PCTFULL CUPINION.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002066509 PCTFULL ED 200209

TREATMENT INVOLVING DKK-1 OR PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2005 Univentio on STN 2002066509 PCTFULL ED 20020910 EW 200235

TITLE (FRENCH):

TRAITEMENT FAISANT APPEL A DKK-1 OU

AUX ANTAGONISTES DE DKK-1

INVENTOR(S):

DeALMEIDA, Venita I., 3014 Los Prados Avenue, #A116,

San Mateo, CA 94403, US;

STEWART, Timothy A., 465 Douglas Street, San Francisco,

CA 94114, US

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

GENENTECH, INC., 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, CA

94080, US [US, US]

AGENT:

HASAK, Janet E.\$, GENENTECH, INC., MS 49, 1 DNA Way,

South San Francisco, CA 94080-4990\$, US

LANGUAGE OF FILING: English LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER KIND DATE WO 2002066509 A2 20020829

DESIGNATED STATES

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RW (EPO): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE

TR

RW (OAPI):

BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG

APPLICATION INFO.: WO 2002-US4573 A 20020215 PRIORITY INFO.: US 2001-60/269,435 20010216

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L9
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             7 S L10 AND L5
L11
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             70 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DKK () 1)
L13
              2 S L13 AND L11
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     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:06:53 ON 25 JUL 2005
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L25
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L26
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L28
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L37
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L39
             8 S L39 NOT PY>2002
L40
             10 S L33/CLM
L41
L42
             1 S L41 AND L40
=> s 133/ab
             5 DICKKOPF/AB
        221598 1/AB
             3 DICKKOPF-1/AB
                 ((DICKKOPF(W)1)/AB)
             1 DKK1/AB
             5 DKK/AB
        221598 1/AB
             2 DKK-1/AB
                 ((DKK(W)1)/AB)
             5 DICKKOPF/AB
        221598 1/AB
             3 DICKKOPF/AB (W) 1/AB
             5 DKK/AB
        221598 1/AB
             2 DKK/AB (W) 1/AB
L43
             4 ((DICKKOPF-1/AB OR DKK1/AB OR DKK-1/AB) OR ((DICKKOPF/AB (W)
               1/AB) OR (DKK/AB (W) 1/AB)))
=> s 142 and 135
             1 L42 AND L35
L44
=> d ibib
L44
      ANSWER 1 OF 1
                     PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2005 Univentio on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002066509 PCTFULL ED 20020910 EW 200235

TREATMENT INVOLVING DKK-1 OR TITLE (ENGLISH):

ANTAGONISTS THEREOF

TITLE (FRENCH): TRAITEMENT FAISANT APPEL A DKK-1 OU

AUX ANTAGONISTES DE DKK-1

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TIEN TREATMENT INVOLVING DKK-1 OR ANTAGONISTS THEREOF

TRAITEMENT FAISANT APPEL A DKK-1 OU AUX ANTAGONISTES TTFR DE DKK-1

ABEN Antagonists to Dickkopf-1 (Dkk-1

) proteins are administered in effective amounts to treat disorders involving insulin resistance, such as non-insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM), hypoinsulinemia, and disorders involving muscle atrophy, trauma, or degeneration. Preferably, the antagonists are composed of compositions comprising antibodies directed to Dkk -1 in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier for use in blocking the effects of Dkk-1. Additionally provided is a method of treating obesity or hyperinsulinemia in a mammal by administering an effective amount of Dkk-1 to a mammal. Also provided are methods of diagnosing insulin resistance, hyper- and hypoinsulinemia, obesity, and related disorders using Dkk-1 as a target and non-human transgenic animals

that overexpress <i>dkk-1</i> nucleic acid.

ABFR L'invention concerne un traitement consistant a administrer des antagonistes des proteines Dickkopf-1 (Dkk

> -1) en quantites efficaces pour traiter les troubles impliquant une resistance insulinique, tels que le diabete non insulino-dependant (NIDDM), l'hypoinsulinemie et les troubles impliquant une atrophie musculaire, un traumatisme ou une degeneration. Ces antagonistes sont avantageusement composes d'anticorps diriges contre Dkk-1 dans un excipient pharmaceutiquement acceptable et utilises pour bloquer les effets de Dkk-1.

L'invention concerne egalement une methode de traitement de l'obesite ou de l'hyperinsulinemie chez un mammifere, consistant a administrer une quantite efficace de Dkk-1 a un patient. L'invention concerne egalement des methodes permettant de diagnostiquer la resistance insulinique, l'hyper- et l'hypoinsulinemie, l'obesite et les troubles associes, a l'aide de Dkk-1 comme cible et des animaux transgeniques non humains surexprimant l'acide nucleique <i>dkk-1</i>.

DETD TREATMENT INVOLVING DKK-1 OR ANTAGONISTS THEREOF
Background of the Invention
Field of the Invention
The present invention provides for the diagnosis and treatment of
disorders involving. . . hyperinsulinemia and for repairing and
regenerating muscle in
mammals. More particularly, the present invention relates to the use of
Dickkopf- I (Dkk-1) protein to treat
obesity and hyperinsulinemia and to the use of antagonists that bind to
Dkk- I and/or neutralize its activity. . .

Dkk-I (WO 99/46281 published Sept. 16, 1999, wherein the Dkk-1 is designated as PRO1008 and is encoded by DNA57530; WO 00/18914 published April 6, 2000; WO 00/52047 published September 8, 2000; WO. . .

as polycystic ovarian disease, dermatological disorders such as infections, varicose veins, Acanthosis nigricans, and eczema, exercise intolerance, insulin resistance, hypertension, hypercholesterolernia, cholelithiasis, osteoarthritis, orthopedic injury, thromboembolic disease, cancer, and coronary heart disease. Rissanen et al., British Medical Journal, 301.

t]
Summary of the Invention
Accordingly, antagonists to Dkk-1, such as
antibodies, are herein disclosed to be useful in the
treatment of insulin resistance associated with, for example, glucose
intolerance,. . .

mammal in need thereof an effective amount of an antagonist to Dkk Preferably, the mammal is human, the Dkk-I is human Dkk-1, and/or the human has NIDDM. Also preferred is systemic administration. The antagonist is preferably, an antibody that binds Dkk- 1, and more preferably a monoclonal antibody that binds Dkk- 1, and still more preferably one that neutralizes an insulin-resistance or hypoinsulinernic activity of Dkk Most preferred is

Preferably, the measuring is carried out using an anti-Dkk-1 antibody, such as a monoclonal antibody, in an immunoassay, Also, preferably such anti-Dkk-1 antibody comprises a label, more preferably a fluorescent label, a radioactive label, or an enzyme label, such as a bioluminescent label. . .

a monoclonal antibody prepared from.

5 Additionally provided is a monoclonal antibody preparation prepared by hyperimmunizing mice with tagged Dkk- 1 (preferably purified recombinant

on insulin resistance, hypoinsulinernia, or muscle repair comprising administering said drug to a non-human transgenic animal that overexpresses dkk-1 nucleic acid and determining the effect of the drug on glucose clearance from the blood of said animal, on circulating insulin. the animal is a rodent, more preferably a mouse or rat, and most preferably a mouse. In another preferred embodiment, the dkk-1 nucleic acid overexpressed by the animal is under the control of a muscle-specific promoter, and the cDNA is overexpressed in muscle. . .

- (a) a container comprising an antibody that binds Dkk-1;
- (b) a container comprising a standard sample containing Dkk-1; and
- (c) instructions for using the antibody and standard sample to detect insulin resistance, hypoinsulinemia,

hyperinsulinemia, or obesity, wherein either the antibody. . . is detectably labeled or the kit

further comprises another container comprising a second antibody that is detectably labeled and binds to the

Dkk-1 or to the antibody that binds Dkk Preferably the anti-Dkk-1 antibody of the kit is a monoclonal antibody, more preferably one that neutralizes an insulin-resistance, hyperinsulinemic, hypoinsulinemic, or obesity activity of Dkk-1.

for detecting the presence or onset of obesity or hyperinsulinemia in a mammal comprising the steps of(a) measuring the amount of Dkk-1 in a sample from

(a) measuring the amount of Dkk-1 in a sample from said mammal; and

(b) comparing the amount determined in step (a) to an amount of Dkk-l present in a standard sample, a decreased level in the amount of Dkk-l in step (a) being indicative of obesity or hyperinsulinemia.

Preferably, the measuring is carried out using an anti-Dkk-1 antibody in an immunoassay. Also, preferably the anti-Dkk- I antibody comprises a label. The preferred labels and immunoassays are those as 6 set. . .

In a preferred embodiment the Dkk- I is human Dkk- 1 in the kit and it may further comprise a container with a weight-loss agent.

effect of a candidate pharmaceutical drug on obesity or hyperinsulinernia comprising administering said druo, to a non-human binary transgenic animal that expresses dkk-1 nucleic acid and determining the effect of the drug on an obesity-determining property or on the level of insulin in said. . .

The invention also provides a non-human transgenic animal that overexpresses dkk-1 nucleic acid.

method for repairing or regenerating muscle in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of an antagonist to Dkk-1, preferably an antibody that binds to Dkk Preferably, the mammal is human and/or the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

- (a) a container comprising an antagonist to Dkk- 1, preferably an antibody that binds Dkk- 1; and
- (b) instructions for using the antagonist to repair or regenerate muscle in a mammal.

Figure 2 shows a gel of human Dkk-1 expressed in baculovirus and its clipping.

Figure 3A shows the effects of human Dkk- 1 (dark bars) on basal glucose uptake in L6 muscle cells for 2, 6, and 26 hours. Figures 3B and 3C show, respectively, the effects of human Dkk-1 on basal (light bars) and 30 nM-insulin-stimulated (dark bars) glucose uptake in L6 muscle cells.

shows the effects of human Dkk]l on basal and insulin-dependent glucose uptake (expressed as percent control) as a function of human Dkk-l concentration (nM) upon 48-hour treatment.

Figure 5A-513 show respectively the effect of human Dkk-1 on the incorporation of glucose into glycogen in L6 muscle cells with (dark bars) and without (light bars) insulin for 48. . .

Ficrures 8A-8D show the effect of 40 nM human Dkk-1 (dark bars) on the kinase activities of PDK-I (Fig. 8A), GSK3 P (Fig. 813), S6 kinase (Fig. SC), and Akt (Fig. . . .

Figures 9A and 9B show the effect of human Dkk-1 on levels of basal (light bars) and 30 nM-insulin-stimulated (dark bars) criucose uptake of 3T3 LI cells (adipocytes) after 48-hour. . .

Dkk-I (triangles). Figure I IB shows the insulin levels in the female FVB mice intravenously injected with saline (control), 0.05 mg/kg/day human Dkk-1, and 0.2 mg/kg/day human Dkk Figure 12A shows the effects of human Dkk-1 on expression of various markers of muscle differentiation in mice injected therewith, with control (light bars) and 0.2 mg/kg/day of human. . .

Figure 17 shows the effect of an anti-human Dkk-1 monoclonal antibody on the Dkk-1-mediated decrease in glucose uptake in L6 cells in the absence and presence of insulin, where the. . . the L6 cells with 40 nM Dkk-I are black bars, and the L6 cells with 40 nM Dkk-I and 0.5 [tg/mL anti-Dkk-1 antibody are dark gray bars on the far right.

An insulin-resistance-treating agent is an agent other than an antagonist to Dkk-1 that is used to treat insulin resistance, such as, for example, hypoglycemic agents. Examples of such treating agents include insulin (one or. . .

As used herein, Dkk- I or Dickkopf- 1 refers to

Wnt inhibitor with properties and characteristics described in WO 99/46281 published September 16, 1999 and Glinka et aL, Nature, . . .

The expressions, antagonist, antagonist to Dkk-1, and the like within the scope of the present invention are meant to include any molecule that interacts with Dkk-1 and interferes with its function or blocks or neutralizes a relevant activity of Dkk- 1, by whatever means, depending on the indication being treated. It may prevent the interaction between Dkk-1 and one or more of its receptors. Such agents accomplish this effect in various ways. For instance, the class of antagonists that neutralize a Dkk-1 activity will bind to Dkk- I with sufficient affinity and specificity to interefere with Dkk- I as defined below.

An antibody that binds Dkk- 1 is one capable of bindin cr that antigen with sufficient affinity such that the antibody is useful as a therapeutic agent. . . the Dkk Included within this group of antagonists are, for example, antibodies directed against Dkk- I or portions thereof reactive with Dkk-1, the Dkk- I receptor or portions thereof reactive with Dkk-I, or any other licrand that binds to Dkk The term also. . .

neutralize the activity of are used herein to mean, for example, block, prevent, reduce, counteract the activity of, or make the Dkk-1 ineffective by any mechanism. Therefore, the antagonist may prevent a binding event necessary for activation of Dkk By neutralizing antibody is meant an antibody molecule as herein defined that is able to block or significantly reduce an effector function of the Dkk- 1. For example, a neutralizing antibody may inhibit or reduce the ability of Dkk- I to interact with a Dkk- I receptor. Alternatively, the neutralizing antibody may inhibit or reduce the ability of Dkk- 1 to block the Dkk- I receptor signalling pathway. The neutralizing antibody may also immunospecifically bind to the Dkk-1 in an immunoassay for Dkk-I activity such as the ones described herein. It is a characteristic of the neutralizing antibody of.

The term non-human transgenic animal that overexpresses dkk-1 nucleic acid herein refers to a non-human animal, such as a rodent, that has included within a plurality of its cells. . .

The term non-human binary transgenic animal that expresses dkk -1 nucleic acid herein refers to a non-human animal, such as a rodent, in which gene expression is controlled by the interaction of Dkk-1 on a 16 target transgene. These interactions are controlled by crossing animal lines (such as rodent, e.g., mouse lines) or by adding or. . .

diagnosing and treating insulin resistance and hypoinsulinemia based on antagonists that bind to, and preferably neutralize, the activity of Dkk Further, Dkk- 1 itself is a useful treatment for obesity and hyperinsulinemia.

Additionally, antagonists to Dkk-1 are further

indicated in methods herein for muscle repair and regeneration. will specifically bind to the protein used for immunization. Alternatively, lymphocytes may be immunized in vitro. Lymphocytes then are fused with myeloma cells using a suitable fusing agent, such as polyethylene glycol, to form a hybridoma cell (Goding, Monoclonal Antibodies: Principles and Practice, pp. in a suitable culture medium that preferably contains one or more substances that inhibit the growth or survival of the unfused, parental myeloma cells. For example, if the parental myeloma cells lack the enzyme hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyl transferase (HGPRT or HPRT), the culture medium for the hybridomas typically will include hypoxanthine, aminopterin,. Preferred myeloma cells are those that fuse efficiently, support stable high-level production of antibody by the selected antibody-producing cells, and are sensitive to. Among these, preferred myeloma cell lines are murine myeloma lines, such as those derived from MOPC-21 and MPC- I I mouse tumors available from the Salk Institute Cell Distribution Center,. which are then transfected into host cells such as E. coli cells, simian COS cells, Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells, or myeloma cells that do not otherwise produce antibody protein, to obtain the synthesis of monoclonal antibodies in the recombinant host cells. Review articles. Amino acid sequence modification(s) of the anti-Dkk-1 antibodies described herein are contemplated. For example, it may be desirable to improve the binding affinity and/or other biological properties of the. . . Such modifications include, for example, deletions from, and/or insertions into and/or substitutions of, residues within the amino acid sequences of the anti-Dkk-1 antibody. Any combination of deletion, insertion, and substitution is made to arrive at the final construct, provided that the final construct possesses. or more residues, as well as intrasequence insertions of single or multiple amino acid residues. Examples of terminal insertions include an anti-Dkk-1 antibody with an N-terminal methionyl residue or the antibody fused to a hypoglycemic polypeptide. Other insertional variants of the anti-Dkk- I antibody. preparation by oligonucleotide-mediated (or site-directed) mutacrenesis, PCR niutagenesis, or cassette mutagenesis of an earlier prepared variant or a non-variant version of the anti-Dkk- 1 antibody. serum half-life of the

therapeutic antagonist. For example, a soluble immunoglobulin chimera,

```
such as described herein, can be
obtained for each specific Dkk-1 antagonist or
antagonistic portion thereof, as described in U.S. Pat. No.
The preferred dose is about 0 50 mg/kg/day, more
preferably about 0. I to 25 mg/kg/day. More preferred still, when the
Dkk- 1 antagonist is administered daily,
the intravenous or intramuscular dose for a human is about 0.3 to 10
mg/kg of body weight.
Preferred continuous dosing
schedules include daily continuous infusion, where Dkk- I antagonist is
infused each day, and continuous
bolus administration schedules, where Dkk-1
antagonist is administered at least once per day by bolus
injection or inhalant or intranasal routes. The invention also
encompasses discontinuous.
will vary according to the formulation,
method of delivery, and clinical needs of the mammal being treated. For
example, if the Dkk- 1 antagonist is
administered by infusion, administration schedules may comprise a first
period of administration followed by
a second period in which Dkk-.
the administration is by bolus injection, especially bolus injection of
a slow-release
formulation, dosing schedules may also be continuous in that Dkk
-1 antagonist is administered each day, or
may be discontinuous, with first and second periods as described above.
dosing schedule, and route of administration for the treatment of the
insulin-resistant or
hypoinsulinemic disorder or muscle condition. The containers of
Dkk-1 antagonist may be unit doses, bulk
packages (e.g., multi-dose packages), or sub-unit doses.
resilient stopper. Ampoules with non-
resilient, removable closures (e.g., sealed glass) or resilient stoppers
are most conveniently used for injectable
forms of Dkk-1 antagonist. Also contemplated are
packages for use in combination with a specific device,
such as an inhaler, a nasal administration device.
One specifically preferred method for administration of Dkk-
1 is by subcutaneous infusion,
particularly using a metered infusion device, such as a pump. Such pump
can be reusable or disposable,.
Therapeutic formulations of Dkk-1 suitable for
storage include mixtures of the Dkk-1 having the
desired degree of purity with pharmaceutically acceptable carriers,
excipients, or stabilizers (Remington's
Pharmaceutical Sciences 16th edition, Osol, A. Ed. (1980)),. . . are
described in WO 97/04801. These compositions
comprise Dkk- I containing from about 0.1 to 90% by weight of the active
Dkk-1, preferably in a soluble .
form, and more generally from about 10 to 30%.
methods. In
addition, sustained-release preparations may be prepared. Suitable
examples of sustained-release
preparations include semipermeable matrices of solid hydrophobic
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polymers containing the Dkk-1, which

matrices are in the form of shaped articles, e.g., films, or microcapsules. Examples of sustained-release matrices include polyesters, hydrogels (for example, . . .

The Dkk-1 can bejoined to a carrier protein or PEG or POG or other molecule of this nature to increase its serum half-life,. . .

For treatment of hyperinsulinemia, the administration of Dkk-1 may occur in conjunction with, for example, diazoxide (see, for example, Shaer, Nephron, 89: 337-339 (2001)).

For treatment of obesity, the administration of Dkk-1 may occur without, or may be imposed with, a dietary restriction such as a limit in daily food or calorie intake, as is desired for the individual patient. In addition, the Dkk-1 is appropriately administered in combination with other treatments for combatting or preventing obesity, known herein as weight-loss agents. Substances useful for. . .

These weight-loss adjunctive agents and diazoxide may be administered at the same time as, before, or after the administration of the Dkk-1 and can be administered by the same or a different administration route than the Dkk-1 is administered.

The dosages of Dkk-1 administered to an obese or hyperinsulinemic mammal will be determined by the physician in the light of the relevant circumstances, including the condition of the mammal, the type of

Dkk-1, and the chosen route of administration. The dosage is preferably at a sufficiently low level as not to cause insulin-resistance, and. . . The preferred dose is about 0 50 32

mg/kg/day, more preferably about 0. I to 25 mg/kg/day. More preferred still, when the Dkk- 1 is administered daily, the intravenous or intramuscular dose for a human is about 0.3 to 10 mc,,r/kg of body weight per. . .

Dkk-I is administered by infusion, administration schedules may comprise a first period of administration followed by a second period in which Dkk-I is not administered that is greater than, equal to, or less than the first period.

also provides kits for the treatment of obesity or hyperinsulinemia. The kits of the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{L}}$

invention comprise one or more containers of Dkk-1, preferably human Dkk-1, in combination with a set of

instructions, generally written instructions, relating to the use and dosage of Dkk- I for the. . .

Dkk- I may be packaged in any convenient, appropriate packaging. For example, if the Dkk- l is a freeze-dried formulation, an ampoule with a resilient stopper is normally used, so that the drug may be easily reconstituted by. . .

In one embodiment, one or more of the anti-Dkk-1 antibodies used in the assay is labeled; in another embodiment, a first is unlabeled, and a labeled, second antibody is used. . .

I antibody need not be labeled, and the presence thereof can be detected using a labeled antibody which binds to the Dkk-1 antibody.

In the assays of the present invention, an antigen such as Dkk -1, or an antibody is preferably bound to a solid phase support or carrier. By solid phase support or carrier is intended. . .

a solid

phase matrix, preferably a microplate. The sample is brought in contact with the Ab I -coated matrix such that any Dkk-1 in the sample to which AM is specific binds to the solid-phase Abl. Unbound sample components are removed by washing. An. . .

the diagnostic assay. For instance, such a kit can comprise an antibody or antibodies, preferably a pair of antibodies to the Dkk-1 anti cren that preferably do not compete for the same binding site on the antigen. In a specific embodiment, Dkk-1 may be pre-adsorbed to the solid phase matrix. The kit preferably contains the other necessary washing reagents well-known in the art. . . the art, and some are exemplified below. The kit can optionally also comprise a Dkk-I standard; ie., an amount of purified Dkk-1 corresponding to a normal amount of Dkk-I in a standard sample.

In one aspect, a kit comprises in more than one container: an antibody that binds Dkk-1, which can be coated on a solid-phase carrier, e.g., a microtiter plate, a standard sample containing Dkk-1, and instructions for use in detection, wherein the antibody that binds Dkk-1 is detectably labeled or the kit further comprises an. . .

cDNA such as inurine cDNA encoding Dkk- I or an appropriate sequence thereof can be used to clone genomic DNA encoding Dkk-1 in accordance with established techniques, and the genomic sequences are used to generate trans crenic animals that contain cells that express DNA encoding Dkk- 1.

transgene incorporation with tissue-specific enhancers, which results in targeted overexpression of Dkk Transgenic animals that include a copy of a transgene encoding

 ${\tt Dkk-1}$ introduced into the crerm line of the animal at an embryonic stage can be used to examine the effect of increased. . .

a probe that is complementary to at least a portion of the transgene. Western blot analysis using an antibody against the Dkk-1 encoded by the transcrene may be employed as an alternative or additional method for screenina for the presence of the transcrene.

specific type of cell. The most preferred such control element herein is a muscle-specific promoter that enables overexpression of the dkk-1 nucleic acid (e.g., cDNA) in muscle tissue. An

example of such promoter is that described in Example I below or that.

40 In another facet, non-human binary transgenic animals having altered dkk-1 nucleic acid expression can be used to screen candidate drugs as set forth above, such as for their ability to reduce. Example 1 Effects of Dkk-1 itz vivo and in vitro Materials and Methods L6 Cell culture L6 myoblasts were proliferated in growth medium, composed of MEM alpha (Gibco-BRL). . differentiation medium at confluence (MEM alpha with 2% fetal calf serum). Cells were grown in this medium for 3-9 days and for Dkk-1 treatments longer than 28 hours, dkk--1 (Krupnik et al., supra; WO 99/46281; DNA encoding PRO1008) was added to this medium. Treatments. . Expression of Recombinant Dkk-I The human homolog of Dkk-1 (hDkk-1) was expressed as a C-terminal 8X His tag fusion (see Krupnik et al., supra; and WO 99/46281, where PRO1008 is Dkk-1) in baculovirus and purified by nickel affinity column chromatography. The identity of purified protein was verified by N-terminal sequence analysis. The purified. . . Glycogen Synthesi Glycogen synthesis was determined as [14 Clglucose incorporation into glycooren. Control L6 cells and cells treated with dkk-1 were incubated for 2 hours in serum-free MEM alpha containing [U-14 Q glucose (5 mM crlucose; 1.25 pCi/n-d) with or without. . Chem., 253: 7570-7578 (1978)). Differentiated cells were treated with Dkk-I at 72 hours after the induction of differentiation. For effect of Dkk-1 on 3T3L1 cell differentiation, Dkk-I was added to the medium at a concentration of 40 nM during the initiation of differentiation. . . 3' to the pRK splice donor/acceptor site that was preceded by the myosin light-chain promoter (Shani, Nature, 314: 283-286 (1985)). The dkk-1 cDNA was followed by the splice donor/acceptor sites present between the fourth and fifth exons of the human growth hormone gene (Stewart. When expressed in baculovirus, the human Dkk-1 protein was clipped internally to give a 16-kDa cleavage product. In the gel shown in Fig. 2, band (a) corresponds to. The Dkk-1 effects of glucose uptake are independent of the differentiation state of the cells and can be seen even in cells that. . . uptake are dose-dependent. Fig. 4B shows that the decrease in basal and insulin-dependent glucose uptake is seen upon 48-hour treatment with Dkk-1 at concentrations as low as 10 nM. regulated the expression of genes in the insulin signaling pathway in L6 muscle cells. In particular, as shown in Fig. 7,

expression of the p85 subunit of phosphoinositide 3-kinase significantly

Dkk-1 treatment increased the

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(8.3 fold) following 48-hour
treatment, but did not significantly affect.
Dkk- I in mice resulted in impaired glucose tolerance and
reduced insulin production. Specifically, to confirm the in vivo effects
of Dkk-1 seen in transgenic mice,
female FVB mice were injected intravenously with Dkk-1 for 8 days
(single daily injection of 0.05 and 0.2
mg/kg/day). The effects of Dkk- 1 on glucose
tolerance were measured 48 hours and 8 days after the start of
injection. Glucose tolerance was unaffected with 48.
Overexpression of Dkk-l in mice affected growth, body composition, and
metabolism. Particularly,
Transcrenic FVB mice overexpressing the dkk-1
transgene under control of the MLC promoter were
generated (Shani, supra). Body weights of control and transgenic animals
were followed over. . .
45
Table 2
Control Control Dkk-I Dkk-1
Regular diet Regular diet transgenic transgenic
Physiological Parameter (males, n=8) (females, n=4) Regular diet Regular
diet
males, n=4) (females, n=8)
Body Weight at 16. .
signaling inhibits adipogenesis. To determine whether Dkk-I affected
body composition, some
animals were placed on a high-fat diet for 24 weeks. Dkk-
1 transgenic animals on a high-fat diet also showed
significantly reduced body weights than their wild-type littermates
(Fig. 15A), with comparable reduction. .
46
Table 3
Control Control Dkk-1 TG Dkk-1
High-fat diet High-fat diet High-fat diet
eter (m--12) (f=8) m=6) (f=5)
Body Weight at 16 of
40.3 ± 6.6 34.7 ±.
diabetes, can be affected by expression levels, phosphorylation, and
activity of
proteins in the insulin- signaling pathway. Therefore, the effects of
Dkk-1 in muscle both in vivo and in vitro
were investigated.
animals also had reduced levels of serum insulin, although no effects
were seen in the serum insulin levels in transgenic mice. Dkk-
1 reduced the basal and insulin-stimulated
glucose uptake in L6 cells through inhibition of Akt, a key intermediate
in the insulin-signaling pathway.
These effects of Dkk-1 were seen only after 18 hrs
of exposure to Dkk-1.
size with a proportional decrease in the
weight of various organs. Without beinor limited to any one theory,
these effects of Dkk-1 are likely to be
mediated through the reduction in insulin (and likely IGF-1)-stimulated
Akt activity. Direct evidence for this
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comes from studies.

Chem., 276: 19664-19671 (2001)). Alternatively, without limitation to any one theory, the reduced growth rate in dkk-1 transgenic animals could be a secondary effect of the reduced glucose uptake and consequent alteration in nutrient availability and metabolic rate. . .

Primary 3T3LI preadipocytes were stimulated to differentiate in the presence or absence of Dkk-1, cells were collected at different days after the start of differentiation, and the transcripts analysed for expression levels of markers of adipocyte differentiation such as AP2, PPARy, CEB P(x, and FAS. Dkk-1 treatment did not alter levels of FAS and AP2; however, PPARylevels were about 2-fold reduced in Dkk-1-treated cells and C/EBPoc levels. . .

adipose tissue mass and are up-regulated by Akt (Barthel et al., Endocrinolo -3562 (1997)). The reduced levels of circulating leptin in dkk-1 138: 3559

transgenic animals could be a direct effect of decreased adipose mass and/or decreased Akt activity in adipose tissue, without being limited. . .

A significant reduction in the levels of secreted insulin was observed herein following 8 days of

Dkk-1 injection, and smaller effects in transgenic animals overexpressing dkk-1 in the muscle. Without being

treating hyperinsulinemia.

limited to any one theory, the stronger effects in injected animals could be a result of. . . there may be smaller differences in insulin levels either due to compensatory mechanisms or due to a more localized effect of Dkk-1 in the muscle. Since Akt is known to stimulate islet cell proliferation and insulin production, and since the data herein show for the first time that Dkk-1-injected and transgenic mice have lower insulin levels, an antagonist to Dkk-1 is now found useful in treating hypoinsulinemia, and conversely, Dkk-I itself is found useful in

in L6 muscle cells as well as in transgenic mice overexpressin cr the protein in muscle. Treatment of muscle cells with Dkk-1 resulted in a decrease in the basal and insulinstimulated glucose uptake. This effect was observed following both short-term and long-term treatment,

suggesting, without being limited to any one theory, that Dkk- 1 may affect both the activity as well as the expression levels of proteins in the insulin signaling pathway. Consistent with this. . .

obesity and hyperinsulinernia, as well as being useful as a diagnostic marker in assays for such conditions. Also, an antagonist to Dkk-1 is expected to inhibit the progression of the diabetes phenotype in transgenic animal models disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 6,187,991.

Example 2
Development of Anti-Dkk-1 Monoclonal Antibodies
Five female Balb/c mice (Charles River Laboratories, Wilmington, DE)

were hyperimmunized with purified recombinant polyhistidine-tagged (HIS8) human Dkk- I expressed. used for each animal, administered via footpad. After five injections, B-cells from the lymph nodes of the five mice, demonstrating high anti-Dkk- 1 antibody titers, were fused with mouse myeloma cells (X63.Ag8.653; American Type Culture Collection, Manassas, VA) using the protocols described in Kohler and Milstein, supra, and Hongo et al.,. . All the seven antibody preparations bound Dkk-1 in Western immunoblots. L6 cells were differentiated and treated for 48 hours in the absence of Dkk-1 (control) or in the presence of 40 nM Dkk-1 (plus or minus anti-Dkk-1 antibody lGl.2Dl2.2Dl 1 (ATCC No. PTA-3086) in amount of 0.5 ttg/mL). Basal and insulin-stimulated glucose uptake in the L6 cells. . . 50 Designation ATQC Dep. No. Deposit Date DKKI.MAB3139,8CI 1.2GI 1. IDI PTA-3084 February 21, 2001 DKK1.MAB3143.4C7.2HI0.2GI PTA-3085 February 21, 2001 DKKLMAB3142. I G1.21) 12.2131 1 PTA-3086 February 21, 2001 DKK1.MAB3141.5Bl2.2C5.2A5 PTA-3087 February 21, 2001 DKKLMAB313 8.7C 1 1 16.2AS PTA-3088 February 21, 2001 DKK1.MAB3140.7B2.2A6.2H4 PTA-3089 February 21, 2001 DKK1.MAB3144.5A2.2A8.1C3 PTA-3097 February 21, 2001 This deposit was made under the provisions of the Budapest Treaty on the International Recognition of the Deposit. insulin resistance or hypoinsulinemia in marnmals comprising CLMEN. administering to a mammal in need thereof an effective amount of an antagonist to Dickkopf- 1 (Dkk- 1). 4 The method of claim 1 wherein the antacronist is an antibody that binds Dkk- 1. 5 . The method of claim 4 wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody. presence or onset of insulin resistance or hypoinsulinernia in a mammal comprising the steps of: (a) measuring the amount of Dickkopf- I (Dkk- 1) in a sample from said mammal; and (b) comparing the amount determined in step (a) to an amount of Dkk- I. 12 The method of claim I I wherein the anti-Dkk- 1 antibody comprises a label. 16 The method of claim IO wherein the mammal is human and human Dkk- 1 is being measured. 17 A kit for treating insulin resistance or hypoinsulinemia, said kit comprising: (a) a container comprising an antagonist to Dkk-1; (b) instructions for using the antagonist to treat insulin resistance or

hypoinsulinernia.

```
Dkk- 1
      20 The kit of claim 18 wherein the antibody binds human Dkk-
      26 A method of treating obesity or hyperinsulinemia in mammals
      comprising administering to a mammal in
      need thereof an effective amount of Dickkopf-I (Dkk-1
      for detecting the presence or onset of obesity or hyperinsulinemia in a
      mammal comprising the
      steps of.
       (a) measuring the amount of Dickkopf-1 (Dkk]1) in a
       sample from said mammal; and
       (b) comparing the amount determined in step (a) to an amount of Dkk-l
      present in a standard sample, a
      decreased level in the amount of Dkk-1 in step (a)
      being indicative of obesity or hyperinsulinemia.
      36 A kit for treating obesity or hyperinsulinemia, said kit comprising:
       (a) a container comprising Dkk- 1; and
       (b) instructions for using the Dkk- I to treat obesity or
      hyperinsulinemia.
      the presence or onset of insulin resistance, hyperinsulinemia,
      hypoinsulinemia, or obesity, said kit comprising:
       (a) a container comprising an antibody that binds Dickkopf-
       1 (Dkk-1);
       (b) a container comprising a standard sample containing Dkk-
      1; and
       (c) instructions for using the antibody and standard sample to detect
      insulin resistance,
      hyperinsulinemia, hypoinsulinemia, or obesity, wherein either the
      antibody.
      41 The kit of claim 39 wherein the Dkk-l is human Dkk-
      1 and the kit is for detecting non-insulin dependent
      diabetes or obesity.
      53
       . A method for repairing or regeneratingmusele in a mammal comprising.
      47 A monoclonal antibody preparation prepared by hyperimmunizing mice
      with tagged Dkk-1 diluted in an
      adjuvant, fusing B-cells from the mice having anti-Dkk-I antibody titers
      with mouse myeloma cells and
      obtaining supernatants, harvesting the supernatants, screening the
      harvested supernatants for antibody
      production, injecting positive clones showing the highest immunobinding
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L1L2

L3

L4

L5

18 The kit of claim 17 wherein the antagonist is an antibody that binds

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                        ANTAGONISTS THEREOF
TITLE (FRENCH):
                        TRAITEMENT FAISANT APPEL A DKK-1 OU
                        AUX ANTAGONISTES DE DKK-1
                        DeALMEIDA, Venita I., 3014 Los Prados Avenue, #A116,
INVENTOR(S):
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                        94080, US [US, US]
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HASAK, Janet E.\$, GENENTECH, INC., MS 49, 1 DNA Way, AGENT:

South San Francisco, CA 94080-4990\$, US

LANGUAGE OF FILING: English LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER KIND DATE ______ WO 2002066509 A2 20020829

DESIGNATED STATES

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WO 2002-US4573 A 20020215 APPLICATION INFO.: PRIORITY INFO.: US 2001-60/269,435 20010216

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L48 0 S L47 AND L46 L49 0 S L46 AND MYELOMA

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
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FULL ESTIMATED COST
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L50 ANSWER 1 OF 4 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2005 Univentio on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005049640 PCTFULL ED 20050607 EW 200522

TITLE (ENGLISH): RHESUS MONKEY DICKKOPF-1, NUCLEOTIDES ENCODING SAME,

AND USES THEREOF

TITLE (FRENCH): PROTEINE DICKKOPF-1 DE SINGE RHESUS, NUCLEOTIDES CODANT

LADITE PROTEINE, ET PROCEDES D'UTILISATION

INVENTOR(S): HARADA, Shun-ichi, 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ

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GLANTSCHNIG, Helmut, 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway,

NJ 07065-0907, US [AT, US], for US only

AGENT: MERCK & CO., INC.\$, 126 East Lincoln Avenue, Rahway, NJ

07065-0907\$, US

LANGUAGE OF FILING: English
LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

PATENT INFORMATION:

NUMBER KIND DATE
-----WO 2005049640 A2 20050602

DESIGNATED STATES

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AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM RW (EAPO): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IS IT RW (EPO): LU MC NL PL PT RO SE SI SK TR RW (OAPI): BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG WO 2004-US38489 A 20041112 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2003-60/520,708 PRIORITY INFO.: 20031117 ANSWER 2 OF 4 COPYRIGHT 2005 Univentio on STN PCTFULL 2004053063 PCTFULL ED 20040630 EW 200426 ACCESSION NUMBER: MOLECULAR DETERMINANTS OF MYELOMA BONE TITLE (ENGLISH): DISEASE AND USES THEREOF DETERMINANTS MOLECULAIRES DE MALADIE OSSEUSE DE TYPE TITLE (FRENCH): MYELOME ET UTILISATIONS DE CEUX-CI INVENTOR(S): SHAUGHNESSY, John, D., 4317 Old Oak Drive, Little Rock, AR 72222, US THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 2404 North University Avenue, Little Rock, AR 72207-3608, US [US, US] AGENT: ADLER, Benjamin, A.\$, Adler & Associates, 8011 Candle Lane, Houston, TX 77071\$, US LANGUAGE OF FILING: English LANGUAGE OF PUBL.: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent PATENT INFORMATION: NUMBER KIND DATE WO 2004053063 A2 20040624 DESIGNATED STATES AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE W: ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW BW GH GM KE LS MW MZ SD SL SZ TZ UG ZM ZW RW (ARIPO): AM AZ BY KG KZ MD RU TJ TM RW (EAPO): AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU RW (EPO): MC NL PT RO SE SI SK TR BF BJ CF CG CI CM GA GN GQ GW ML MR NE SN TD TG RW (OAPI): WO 2003-US38372 A 20031204 APPLICATION INFO .: PRIORITY INFO.: US 2002-60/431,040 20021205 ANSWER 3 OF 4 PCTFULL COPYRIGHT 2005 Univentio on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002092015 PCTFULL ED 20021210 EW 200247 REAGENTS AND METHODS FOR MODULATING DKK-MEDIATED TITLE (ENGLISH): INTERACTIONS REACTIFS ET PROCEDES DESTINES A MODULER DES TITLE (FRENCH): INTERACTIONS INDUITES PAR DKK ALLEN, Kristina, 11 Oliver Lane, Hopkinton, MA INVENTOR(S): 01748-3108, US [US, US]; ANISOWICZ, Anthony, 50 Upham Street, West Newton, MA 02465, US [US, US]; BHAT, Bheem, M., 1214 Mayapple Lane, West Chester, PA 19380, US [IN, US]; DAMAGNEZ, Veronique, 125 Water Street, Framingham, MA 01701, US [FR, US];
ROBINSON, John, Allen, 23 Webb Road, Downingtown, PA 19335, US [US, US]; YAWORSKY, Paul, J., 13 Hobart Lane, Rockland, MA 02370, US [US, US] GENOME THERAPEUTICS CORPORATION, 100 Beaver Street, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Waltham, MA 02453, US [US, US], for all designates States except US; WYETH, Five Giralda Farms, Madison, NJ 07928, US [US,

US], for all designates States except US; ALLEN, Kristina, 11 Oliver Lane, Hopkinton, MA

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01748-3108, US [US, US], for US only;
                       ANISOWICZ, Anthony, 50 Upham Street, West Newton, MA
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                       19380, US [IN, US], for US only;
                       DAMAGNEZ, Veronique, 125 Water Street, Framingham, MA
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                       ROBINSON, John, Allen, 23 Webb Road, Downingtown, PA
                       19335, US [US, US], for US only;
                       YAWORSKY, Paul, J., 13 Hobart Lane, Rockland, MA 02370,
                       US [US, US], for US only
AGENT:
                       REA, Teresa, Stanek$, Burns, Doane, Swecker & Mathis
                       L.L.P., P.O. Box 1404, Alexandria, VA 22313-1404$, US
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TITLE (FRENCH):
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INVENTOR(S):
                       DeALMEIDA, Venita I., 3014 Los Prados Avenue, #A116,
                       San Mateo, CA 94403, US;
                       STEWART, Timothy A., 465 Douglas Street, San Francisco,
                       CA 94114, US
                       GENENTECH, INC., 1 DNA Way, South San Francisco, CA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       94080, US [US, US]
                       HASAK, Janet E.$, GENENTECH, INC., MS 49, 1 DNA Way,
AGENT:
                       South San Francisco, CA 94080-4990$, US
LANGUAGE OF FILING:
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              8 S L39 NOT PY>2002
L40
L41
             10 S L33/CLM
L42
              1 S L41 AND L40
L43
              4 S L33/AB
L44
              1 S L42 AND L35
L45
              0 S D IBIB
     FILE 'DISSABS' ENTERED AT 13:16:14 ON 25 JUL 2005
```

4 S DICKKOPF-1 OR DKK1 OR DKK-1

L46

```
3245 S OSTEO?
L47
L48
             0 S L47 AND L46
L49
             0 S L46 AND MYELOMA
    FILE 'PCTFULL' ENTERED AT 13:17:23 ON 25 JUL 2005
L50
             4 S L43 AND L35
=>
---Logging off of STN---
Executing the logoff script...
=> LOG Y
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                                SINCE FILE
                                                                TOTAL
                                                     ENTRY
                                                             SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                      5.34
                                                                68.46
STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 13:18:35 ON 25 JUL 2005
Connecting via Winsock to STN
Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x
LOGINID: SSSPTA1642BJF
PASSWORD:
TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2
* * * * * * * * * * Welcome to STN International
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS 1
NEWS 2
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS 3 FEB 28 PATDPAFULL - New display fields provide for legal status
                 data from INPADOC
NEWS 4 FEB 28 BABS - Current-awareness alerts (SDIs) available
NEWS 5 MAR 02 GBFULL: New full-text patent database on STN
NEWS 6 MAR 03 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY - Sequence annotations enhanced
NEWS 7 MAR 03 MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER reloaded
NEWS 8 MAR 22 KOREAPAT now updated monthly; patent information enhanced
NEWS 9 MAR 22 Original IDE display format returns to REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY
NEWS 10 MAR 22
                 PATDPASPC - New patent database available
NEWS 11 MAR 22
                 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with experimental property tags
NEWS 12 APR 04
                 EPFULL enhanced with additional patent information and new
                 fields
NEWS 13 APR 04
                 EMBASE - Database reloaded and enhanced
NEWS
      14 APR 18
                 New CAS Information Use Policies available online
NEWS 15 APR 25
                 Patent searching, including current-awareness alerts (SDIs),
                 based on application date in CA/CAplus and USPATFULL/USPAT2
                 may be affected by a change in filing date for U.S.
                 applications.
     16 APR 28
                 Improved searching of U.S. Patent Classifications for
NEWS
                 U.S. patent records in CA/CAplus
```

NEWS 17 MAY 23 GBFULL enhanced with patent drawing images NEWS 18 MAY 23 REGISTRY has been enhanced with source information from CHEMCATS NEWS 19 JUN 06 The Analysis Edition of STN Express with Discover! (Version 8.0 for Windows) now available NEWS 20 JUN 13 RUSSIAPAT: New full-text patent database on STN NEWS 21 JUN 13 FRFULL enhanced with patent drawing images NEWS 22 JUN 27 MARPAT displays enhanced with expanded G-group definitions and text labels 23 JUL 01 MEDICONF removed from STN NEWS NEWS 24 JUL 07 STN Patent Forums to be held in July 2005 NEWS 25 JUL 13 SCISEARCH reloaded NEWS 26 JUL 20 Powerful new interactive analysis and visualization software, STN AnaVist, now available

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 13 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.0, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 13 JUNE 2005

NEWS HOURS STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability NEWS INTER General Internet Information NEWS LOGIN Welcome Banner and News Items NEWS PHONE Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN NEWS WWW CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)

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*ENCOMPPAT - EnCompass Patent File 1964-present (Supporters) *ENCOMPPAT2 - EnCompass Patent File 1964-Present (Non-Supporters)

* The files listed above are temporarily unavailable.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:45 ON 25 JUL 2005

=> file medline COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE

TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:16:12 ON 25 JUL 2005

FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 JUL 2005 (20050723/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

On December 19, 2004, the 2005 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2005 is now available. For details enter HELP RLOAD at an arrow promt (=>). See also:

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/ http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04 mesh.html

OLDMEDLINE now back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the

```
This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate
 substance identification.
=> s bone
        424243 BONE
         91740 BONES
        446342 BONE
L1
                 (BONE OR BONES)
=> s (dickkopf () 1) or (dickkopf-1) or dickkopf1 or (dkk1) or (dkk-1) or (dkk () 1)
            85 DICKKOPF
             8 DICKKOPFS
            90 DICKKOPF
                 (DICKKOPF OR DICKKOPFS)
       3513889 1
            49 DICKKOPF (W) 1
            85 DICKKOPF
             8 DICKKOPFS
            90 DICKKOPF
                 (DICKKOPF OR DICKKOPFS)
       3513889 1
            49 DICKKOPF-1
                 (DICKKOPF(W)1)
            17 DICKKOPF1
           106 DKK1
           119 DKK
             9 DKKS
           121 DKK
                  (DKK OR DKKS)
       3513889 1
            44 DKK-1
                 (DKK(W)1)
           119 DKK
             9 DKKS
           121 DKK
                 (DKK OR DKKS)
       3513889 1
            44 DKK (W) 1
           133 (DICKKOPF (W) 1) OR (DICKKOPF-1) OR DICKKOPF1 OR (DKK1) OR (DKK-
L2
               1) OR (DKK (W) 1)
=> s 12 and 11
L3
            36 L2 AND L1
=> s 13 not py>2002
       1489868 PY>2002
            12 L3 NOT PY>2002
L4
=> s 14 and express?
        932565 EXPRESS?
             9 L4 AND EXPRESS?
L5
=> d ibib 1-4
     ANSWER 1 OF 9
                       MEDLINE on STN
                    2002693855
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                                   MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    PubMed ID: 12455632
TITLE:
                    Bmp, Fgf and Wnt signalling in programmed cell death and
                    chondrogenesis during vertebrate limb development: the role
                    of Dickkopf-1.
AUTHOR:
                    Grotewold Lars; Ruther Ulrich
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Institut fur Entwicklungs- und Molekularbiologie der Tiere
```

MeSH 2005 vocabulary.

(EMT), Heinrich-Heine-Universitat, Dusseldorf, Germany.

SOURCE: International journal of developmental biology, (2002) 46

(7) 943-7.

Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.

PUB. COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

English LANGUAGE:

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 200306

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20021214

> Last Updated on STN: 20030619 Entered Medline: 20030618

ANSWER 2 OF 9 1.5 MEDLINE on STN

MEDLINE 2002131765 ACCESSION NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11867524 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

The Wnt antagonist Dickkopf-1 is TITLE:

regulated by Bmp signaling and c-Jun and modulates

programmed cell death.

AUTHOR: Grotewold Lars; Ruther Ulrich

CORPORATE SOURCE: Entwicklungs- und Molekularbiologie der Tiere,

Heinrich-Heine Universitat, D-40225 Dusseldorf, Germany..

lars.grotewold@uni-duesseldorf.de

EMBO journal, (2002 Mar 1) 21 (5) 966-75. SOURCE:

Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189.

PUB. COUNTRY: England: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

ENTRY MONTH: 200205

Entered STN: 20020228 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 20020515 Entered Medline: 20020514

ANSWER 3 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN T.5

2001447406 ACCESSION NUMBER: MEDITNE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11291860

TITLE: The role of the homeodomain protein Bozozok in zebrafish

axis formation.

Solnica-Krezel L; Driever W AUTHOR:

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Biology, Vanderbilt University,

Nashville, Tennessee 37235, USA.. lilianna.solnica-

krezel@vanderbilt.edu

International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45 SOURCE:

(1) 299-310.

Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.

PUB. COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

Priority Journals FILE SEGMENT:

200108 ENTRY MONTH:

SOURCE:

Entered STN: 20010813 ENTRY DATE:

> Last Updated on STN: 20010813 Entered Medline: 20010809

ANSWER 4 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN

2001447398 MEDLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11291852 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Dickkopfl and the Spemann-Mangold head organizer.

AUTHOR: Niehrs C; Kazanskaya O; Wu W; Glinka A CORPORATE SOURCE:

Division of Molecular Embryology, Deutsches

Krebsforschungszentrum, Heidelberg, Germany.

International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45

(1) 237-40. Ref: 34

Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.

PUB. COUNTRY:

Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200108

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010813

Last Updated on STN: 20010813 Entered Medline: 20010809

=> d ibib 5-7

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001168646 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 11269304

TITLE:

Development. The path to the heart and the road not taken.

AUTHOR:

Olson E N

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Molecular Biology, University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, TX 75390, USA..

eolson@hamon.swmed.edu

SOURCE:

Science, (2001 Mar 23) 291 (5512) 2327-8. Journal code: 0404511. ISSN: 0036-8075.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200104

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010417

Last Updated on STN: 20021218 Entered Medline: 20010412

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

2001150174 MEDLIN PubMed ID: 11159911

TITLE:

Wnt antagonism initiates cardiogenesis in Xenopus laevis.

AUTHOR:

Schneider V A; Mercola M

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Cell Biology, Harvard Medical School, Boston,

Massachusetts 02115, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER:

RO1 HL59502 (NHLBI)

SOURCE:

Genes & development, (2001 Feb 1) 15 (3) 304-15.

Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

PUB. COUNTRY:

United States

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE:

English

FILE SEGMENT:

Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

200103

ENTRY DATE:

Entered STN: 20010404

Last Updated on STN: 20010404 Entered Medline: 20010315

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 9

MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001069917 MEDLINE

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

PubMed ID: 11044411

TITLE:

The role of Xenopus dickkopfl in prechordal plate

specification and neural patterning.

AUTHOR:

Kazanskaya O; Glinka A; Niehrs C

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Division of Molecular Embryology, Deutsches

Krebsforschungszentrum, Im Neuenheimer Feld 280, D-69120

Heidelberg, Germany.

SOURCE:

Development (Cambridge, England), (2000 Nov) 127 (22)

4981-92.

Journal code: 8701744. ISSN: 0950-1991.

PUB. COUNTRY: ENGLAND: United Kingdom

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200101

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010322

Last Updated on STN: 20010322 Entered Medline: 20010104

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:45 ON 25 JUL 2005)

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:16:12 ON 25 JUL 2005

L1 446342 S BONE

L2 133 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DICKKOPF-1) OR DICKKOPF1 OR (DKK1) OR (DK

L3 36 S L2 AND L1

L4 12 S L3 NOT PY>2002 L5 9 S L4 AND EXPRESS?

=> d ibib 8-9

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000108581 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10640703

TITLE: Requirement for anti-dorsalizing morphogenetic protein in

organizer patterning.

AUTHOR: Dosch R; Niehrs C

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Embryology, Deutsches

Krebsforschungszentrum, Im Neuenheimer Feld 280, D-69120,

Heidelberg, Germany.

SOURCE: Mechanisms of development, (2000 Feb) 90 (2) 195-203.

Journal code: 9101218. ISSN: 0925-4773.

PUB. COUNTRY: Ireland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH:

ENTRY DATE:

200004 Entered STN: 20000505

Last Updated on STN: 20000505 Entered Medline: 20000427

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999425169 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 10495270

TITLE: Dickkopf genes are co-ordinately expressed in

mesodermal lineages.

AUTHOR: Monaghan A P; Kioschis P; Wu W; Zuniga A; Bock D; Poustka

A; Delius H; Niehrs C

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Biology of the Cell I, Deutsches

Krebsforschungszentrum, Im Neuenheimer Feld 280, D-69120,

Heidelberg, Germany.

SOURCE: Mechanisms of development, (1999 Sep) 87 (1-2) 45-56.

Journal code: 9101218. ISSN: 0925-4773.

PUB. COUNTRY: Ireland

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

OTHER SOURCE: GENBANK-AJ243963; GENBANK-AJ243964

ENTRY MONTH: 200003

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20000327

Last Updated on STN: 20000327

Entered Medline: 20000316

=> d 1-4L5ANSWER 1 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN AN 2002693855 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 12455632 DN TI Bmp, Fgf and Wnt signalling in programmed cell death and chondrogenesis during vertebrate limb development: the role of Dickkopf-ΑU Grotewold Lars; Ruther Ulrich CS Institut fur Entwicklungs- und Molekularbiologie der Tiere (EMT), Heinrich-Heine-Universitat, Dusseldorf, Germany. International journal of developmental biology, (2002) 46 (7) 943-7. SO Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282. CY Spain Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DT English LΑ FS Priority Journals 200306 EM ED Entered STN: 20021214 Last Updated on STN: 20030619 Entered Medline: 20030618 L5 ANSWER 2 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN 2002131765 MEDLINE AN PubMed ID: 11867524 DN ΤI The Wnt antagonist Dickkopf-1 is regulated by Bmp signaling and c-Jun and modulates programmed cell death. Grotewold Lars; Ruther Ulrich ΑU Entwicklungs- und Molekularbiologie der Tiere, Heinrich-Heine Universitat, CS D-40225 Dusseldorf, Germany.. lars.grotewold@uni-duesseldorf.de EMBO journal, (2002 Mar 1) 21 (5) 966-75. Journal code: 8208664. ISSN: 0261-4189. SO CY England: United Kingdom DTJournal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) LΑ English Priority Journals FS 200205 EM Entered STN: 20020228 ED Last Updated on STN: 20020515 Entered Medline: 20020514 L5 ANSWER 3 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN AN 2001447406 MEDLINE PubMed ID: 11291860 DN ΤI The role of the homeodomain protein Bozozok in zebrafish axis formation. ΑU Solnica-Krezel L; Driever W Department of Molecular Biology, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, CS Tennessee 37235, USA.. lilianna.solnica-krezel@vanderbilt.edu SO International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45 (1) 299-310. Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282. CY Spain Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE) DTLA English FS Priority Journals EM 200108 ΕD Entered STN: 20010813 Last Updated on STN: 20010813 Entered Medline: 20010809 ANSWER 4 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN 1.5

2001447398 MEDLINE

AN

```
PubMed ID: 11291852
DN
     Dickkopfl and the Spemann-Mangold head organizer.
ΤI
ΑU
     Niehrs C; Kazanskaya O; Wu W; Glinka A
     Division of Molecular Embryology, Deutsches Krebsforschungszentrum,
CS
     Heidelberg, Germany.
     International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45 (1) 237-40.
SO
     Ref: 34
     Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.
CY
     Spain
     Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DT
     General Review; (REVIEW)
     (REVIEW, TUTORIAL)
LA
     English
     Priority Journals
FS
     200108
EM
     Entered STN: 20010813
ED
     Last Updated on STN: 20010813
     Entered Medline: 20010809
=> d kwic 4
L5
     ANSWER 4 OF 9
                     MEDLINE on STN
     Dickkopfl and the Spemann-Mangold head organizer.
ΤI
     . . . the Spemann-Mangold organizer may be mediated by secreted Wnt
AB
     antagonists. Whnts are potent posteriorizing factors and antagonize the
     Spemann-Mangold organizer. Dickkopfl (dkkl) encodes a
     secreted effector expressed in head organizing centers of
     Xenopus, mouse and zebrafish. It acts as a Wnt inhibitor and is able
     together with. . . anteriorizes both mesendoderm and neuroectoderm,
     promoting prechordal plate and forebrain fates. Injection of inhibitory
     antibodies leads to microcephaly and cyclopia. Dkk1 thus is an
     essential mediator of the vertebrate head organizer.
CT
     Animals
      Body Patterning
        Bone Morphogenetic Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors
      Embryonic Induction
      Head: EM, embryology
     Mice
     *Organizers, Embryonic: PH, physiology
      Proteins: GE, genetics
   0 (Bone Morphogenetic Proteins); 0 (Proteins); 0 (Proto-Oncogene
     Proteins); 0 (Wnt proteins); 0 (Zebrafish Proteins); 0 (dkk1
     protein, Xenopus); 0 (wnt8b protein, zebrafish)
=> d kwic 2
                      MEDLINE on STN
     ANSWER 2 OF 9
L5
     The Wnt antagonist Dickkopf-1 is regulated by Bmp
ΤI
     signaling and c-Jun and modulates programmed cell death.
AB
     Dickkopf-1 (Dkk-1) has been shown
     to be a potent inhibitor of Wnt/beta-catenin signaling in a variety of
     assays and organisms. In this study, we show that expression of
     Dkk-1 overlaps significantly with the sites of
     programmed cell death in normal as well as mutant vertebrate limb
     development, and identify several of its upstream regulators, one of which
     is Bmp-4. Interestingly, Bmp-4 only activates Dkk-1
     when it concomitantly induces apoptosis. Moreover, Dkk-
     1 is heavily up-regulated by UV irradiation and several other
     genotoxic stimuli. We further show that normal expression of
     Dkk-1 is dependent on the Ap-1 family member c-Jun and
     that overexpression of Dkk-1 enhances Bmp-triggered
```

```
apoptosis in the vertebrate limb. Taken together, our results provide
     evidence for an important role of Dkk-1-mediated
     inhibition of Wnt/beta-catenin signaling in response to different stress
     signals that all converge on the activation of c-Jun in vivo.
СТ
     Animals
     Apoptosis: GE, genetics
      Apoptosis: PH, physiology
        Bone Morphogenetic Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors
        Bone Morphogenetic Proteins: PD, pharmacology
       *Bone Morphogenetic Proteins: PH, physiology
      Chick Embryo
      Cytoskeletal Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors
      DNA-Binding Proteins: BI, biosynthesis
      DNA-Binding Proteins: GE, genetics
     . Implants
     Enzyme Inhibitors: PD, pharmacology
     *Extremities: EM, embryology
      Fibroblast Growth Factors: PD, pharmacology
      Fibroblasts: DE, drug effects
      Fibroblasts: ME, metabolism
       Gene Expression Regulation, Developmental: DE, drug effects
       *Gene Expression Regulation, Developmental: PH, physiology
       Gene Expression Regulation, Developmental: RE, radiation effects
     Mesoderm: ME, metabolism
     Mice
     Mice, Knockout
     Morphogenesis
     Protein Biosynthesis
     Proteins: GE, genetics
     Proteins:. .
     0 (Bone Morphogenetic Proteins); 0 (Cytoskeletal Proteins); 0
CN
     (DNA-Binding Proteins); 0 (Drug Implants); 0 (Enzyme Inhibitors); 0
     (Proteins); 0 (Proto-Oncogene Proteins); 0. . . 0 (Recombinant Fusion
     Proteins); 0 (Trans-Activators); 0 (Transcription Factor AP-1); 0
     (Transcription Factors); 0 (Wnt proteins); 0 (Zebrafish Proteins); 0 (
    bone morphogenetic protein 4); 0 (dkk1 protein,
    Xenopus); 0 (hedgehog protein, vertebrate); 0 (lymphoid enhancer-binding
     factor 1); 0 (wnt8b protein, zebrafish)
=> d kwic 5
    ANSWER 5 OF 9
L5
                     MEDLINE on STN
CT
     Animals
     *Blood Cells
        Bone Morphogenetic Proteins: ME, metabolism
      Ca(2+)-Calmodulin Dependent Protein Kinase: ME, metabolism
     Central Nervous System: EM, embryology
     Central Nervous System: ME, metabolism
     Cytoskeletal Proteins: ME, metabolism
     Drosophila: EM, embryology
     Drosophila: ME, metabolism
     *Drosophila Proteins
     *Embryonic Induction
      Endoderm: PH, physiology
       Gene Expression Regulation, Developmental
     Glycogen Synthase Kinase 3
     *Heart: EM, embryology
     Hematopoiesis
     Insect Proteins: ME, metabolism
     Mesoderm: CY, cytology
     Mesoderm:.
CN
     0 (Bone Morphogenetic Proteins); 0 (Cytoskeletal Proteins); 0
     (Drosophila Proteins); 0 (Insect Proteins); 0 (Proteins); 0
```

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(Trans-Activators); 0 (Transcription Factors); 0 (Wnt-3 protein); 0
     (Xenopus Proteins); 0 (crescent protein, Xenopus); 0 (dkk1
     protein, Xenopus); 0 (dpp protein, Drosophila); 0 (wnt8a protein,
     Zebrafish); EC 2.7.1.123 (Ca(2+)-Calmodulin Dependent Protein Kinase); EC
     2.7.1.37 (Glycogen Synthase.
=> s osteo?
        211167 OSTEO?
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:45 ON 25 JUL 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:16:12 ON 25 JUL 2005
         446342 S BONE
            133 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DICKKOPF-1) OR DICKKOPF1 OR (DKK1) OR (DK
             36 S L2 AND L1
             12 S L3 NOT PY>2002
              9 S L4 AND EXPRESS?
         211167 S OSTEO?
\Rightarrow s 12 and 16
            24 L2 AND L6
=> s 15 not py>2002
       1489868 PY>2002
             9 L5 NOT PY>2002
=> s 18 not py>2001
       2029769 PY>2001
             7 L8 NOT PY>2001
=> d ibib 1-4
     ANSWER 1 OF 7
                       MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2001447406
                                   MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    PubMed ID: 11291860
                    The role of the homeodomain protein Bozozok in zebrafish
TITLE:
                    axis formation.
                    Solnica-Krezel L; Driever W
AUTHOR:
                    Department of Molecular Biology, Vanderbilt University,
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Nashville, Tennessee 37235, USA.. lilianna.solnica-
                    krezel@vanderbilt.edu
                    International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45
SOURCE:
                    (1) 299-310.
                    Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    Spain
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
                    English
FILE SEGMENT:
                    Priority Journals
                    200108
ENTRY MONTH:
ENTRY DATE:
                    Entered STN: 20010813
                    Last Updated on STN: 20010813
                    Entered Medline: 20010809
                       MEDLINE on STN
     ANSWER 2 OF 7
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2001447398
                                   MEDLINE
                    PubMed ID: 11291852
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    Dickkopfl and the Spemann-Mangold head organizer.
TITLE:
                    Niehrs C; Kazanskaya O; Wu W; Glinka A
AUTHOR:
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    Division of Molecular Embryology, Deutsches
                    Krebsforschungszentrum, Heidelberg, Germany.
```

International journal of developmental biology, (2001) 45

L1

L2 L3

T.4

 L_5

1.6

L7

L8

т.9

SOURCE:

(1) 237-40. Ref: 34

Journal code: 8917470. ISSN: 0214-6282.

PUB. COUNTRY: Spain

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

General Review; (REVIEW)

(REVIEW, TUTORIAL)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200108

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010813

Last Updated on STN: 20010813 Entered Medline: 20010809

L9 ANSWER 3 OF 7 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001168646 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11269304

TITLE: Development. The path to the heart and the road not taken.

AUTHOR: Olson E N

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Molecular Biology, University of Texas

Southwestern Medical Center, Dallas, TX 75390, USA..

eolson@hamon.swmed.edu

SOURCE: Science, (2001 Mar 23) 291 (5512) 2327-8.

Journal code: 0404511. ISSN: 0036-8075.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200104

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010417

Last Updated on STN: 20021218 Entered Medline: 20010412

L9 ANSWER 4 OF 7 MEDLINE on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001150174 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 11159911

TITLE: Wnt antagonism initiates cardiogenesis in Xenopus laevis.

AUTHOR: Schneider V A; Mercola M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Cell Biology, Harvard Medical School, Boston,

Massachusetts 02115, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: RO1 HL59502 (NHLBI)

SOURCE: Genes & development, (2001 Feb 1) 15 (3) 304-15.

Journal code: 8711660. ISSN: 0890-9369.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200103

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20010404

Last Updated on STN: 20010404 Entered Medline: 20010315

=> d kwic 2

L9 ANSWER 2 OF 7 MEDLINE on STN

TI Dickkopfl and the Spemann-Mangold head organizer.

AB . . . the Spemann-Mangold organizer may be mediated by secreted Wnt antagonists. Wnts are potent posteriorizing factors and antagonize the Spemann-Mangold organizer. Dickkopfl (dkkl) encodes a secreted effector expressed in head organizing centers of Xenopus, mouse and zebrafish. It acts as a Wnt inhibitor and is able together with. . . anteriorizes both mesendoderm and neuroectoderm, promoting prechordal plate and forebrain fates. Injection of inhibitory antibodies leads to microcephaly and cyclopia. Dkkl thus is an

```
essential mediator of the vertebrate head organizer.
CT
      Animals
      Body Patterning
        Bone Morphogenetic Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors
      Embryonic Induction
      Head: EM, embryology
      Mice
     *Organizers, Embryonic: PH, physiology
      Proteins: GE, genetics
CN
     0 (Bone Morphogenetic Proteins); 0 (Proteins); 0 (Proto-Oncogene
     Proteins); 0 (Wnt proteins); 0 (Zebrafish Proteins); 0 (dkk1
     protein, Xenopus); 0 (wnt8b protein, zebrafish)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:45 ON 25 JUL 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:16:12 ON 25 JUL 2005
L1
         446342 S BONE
            133 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DICKKOPF-1) OR DICKKOPF1 OR (DKK1) OR (DK
L2
L3
             36 S L2 AND L1
             12 S L3 NOT PY>2002
L4
              9 S L4 AND EXPRESS?
1.5
         211167 S OSTEO?
L6
             24 S L2 AND L6
L7
              9 S L5 NOT PY>2002
L8
              7 S L8 NOT PY>2001
1.9
=> s 17 not py>2001
       2029769 PY>2001
             0 L7 NOT PY>2001
L10
=> s 17 not py>2002
       1489868 PY>2002
L11
             3 L7 NOT PY>2002
=> d ibib 1-3
L11 ANSWER 1 OF 3
                       MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                    2002280313
                                   MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                    PubMed ID: 12021176
TITLE:
                    Global gene profiling in human endometrium during the
                    window of implantation.
AUTHOR:
                    Kao L C; Tulac S; Lobo S; Imani B; Yang J P; Germeyer A;
                    Osteen K; Taylor R N; Lessey B A; Giudice L C
                    Department of Gynecology and Obstetrics, Stanford
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                    University, Stanford, California 94305, USA.
                    U54 HD31398 (NICHD)
CONTRACT NUMBER:
                    Endocrinology, (2002 Jun) 143 (6) 2119-38.
SOURCE:
                    Journal code: 0375040. ISSN: 0013-7227.
PUB. COUNTRY:
                    United States
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                    Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)
LANGUAGE:
                    English
FILE SEGMENT:
                    Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals
ENTRY MONTH:
                    200206
ENTRY DATE:
                    Entered STN: 20020522
                    Last Updated on STN: 20020619
                    Entered Medline: 20020618
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L11 ANSWER 2 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002275003 MEDLINE DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12015398

TITLE: Regulation of bone formation and vision by LRP5.

COMMENT: Comment on: N Engl J Med. 2002 May 16;346(20):1513-21.

PubMed ID: 12015390

AUTHOR: Patel Millan S; Karsenty Gerard

SOURCE: New England journal of medicine, (2002 May 16) 346 (20)

1572-4.

Journal code: 0255562. ISSN: 1533-4406.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States
DOCUMENT TYPE: Commentary

Editorial

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals; Space

Life Sciences

ENTRY MONTH: 200205

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020517

Last Updated on STN: 20020623 Entered Medline: 20020522

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002274995 MEDLINE
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 12015390

TITLE: High bone density due to a mutation in LDL-receptor-related

protein 5.

COMMENT: Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2002 May 16;346(20):1572-4.

PubMed ID: 12015398

Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2002 Sep 19;347(12):943-4; author

reply 943-4. PubMed ID: 12239268

Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2002 Sep 19;347(12):943-4; author

reply 943-4. PubMed ID: 12240686

Comment in: N Engl J Med. 2004 May 13;350(20):2096-9;

author reply 2096-9. PubMed ID: 15141052

AUTHOR: Boyden Lynn M; Mao Junhao; Belsky Joseph; Mitzner Lyle;

Farhi Anita; Mitnick Mary A; Wu Dianqing; Insogna Karl;

Lifton Richard P

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Genetics, Yale University School of Medicine,

New Haven, Connecticut 06510, USA.

CONTRACT NUMBER: AG15345 (NIA)

AR46032 (NIAMS) CA85420 (NCI) RR00125 (NCRR)

SOURCE: New England journal of medicine, (2002 May 16) 346 (20)

1513-21.

Journal code: 0255562. ISSN: 1533-4406.

PUB. COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)

LANGUAGE: English

FILE SEGMENT: Abridged Index Medicus Journals; Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 200205

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 20020517

Last Updated on STN: 20020926 Entered Medline: 20020522

=> d kwic 3

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 3 MEDLINE on STN

AB BACKGROUND: Osteoporosis is a major public health problem of largely unknown cause. Loss-of-function mutations in the gene for low-density lipoprotein receptor-related protein 5 (LRP5), which acts in the Wnt signaling pathway, have been shown to cause osteoporosis -pseudoglioma. METHODS: We performed genetic and biochemical analyses of a kindred with an autosomal dominant syndrome characterized by high bone density, . . flies to humans. Markers of bone resorption were normal in the affected subjects, whereas markers of bone formation such as

```
osteocalcin were markedly elevated. Levels of fibronectin, a
     known target of signaling by Wnt, a developmental protein, were also
     elevated. In vitro studies showed that the normal inhibition of Wnt
     signaling by another protein, Dickkopf-1 (Dkk
     -1), was defective in the presence of LRP5V171 and that this
     resulted in increased signaling due to unopposed Wnt activity.
     CONCLUSIONS: . . LRP5 function in high bone mass and point to Dkk as a
     potential target for the prevention or treatment of osteoporosis
CT
GE, genetics
      Case-Control Studies
      Chromosomes, Human, Pair 11
      Genes, Dominant
      Genotype
      Humans
      Mandible: PA, pathology
      Mandible: RA, radiography
      Mutation, Missense
        Osteogenesis: PH, physiology
      Palate: PA, pathology
      Pedigree
     *Point Mutation
      Proteins: PD, pharmacology
     Proto-Oncogene Proteins: AI, antagonists & inhibitors
     *Proto-Oncogene Proteins:. . .
     0 (Biological Markers); 0 (Proteins); 0 (Proto-Oncogene Proteins); 0
CN
     (Receptors, LDL); 0 (Wnt proteins); 0 (Zebrafish Proteins); 0 (
     dkk1 protein, Xenopus); 0 (lipoprotein receptor related protein
     5); 0 (wnt8b protein, zebrafish)
=> d his
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:45 ON 25 JUL 2005)
     FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 16:16:12 ON 25 JUL 2005
         446342 S BONE
L1
L2
            133 S (DICKKOPF () 1) OR (DICKKOPF-1) OR DICKKOPF1 OR (DKK1) OR (DK
L3
             36 S L2 AND L1
L4
             12 S L3 NOT PY>2002
L5
              9 S L4 AND EXPRESS?
         211167 S OSTEO?
Lб
             24 S L2 AND L6
L7
              9 S L5 NOT PY>2002
L8
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L9
L10
             0 S L7 NOT PY>2001
             3 S L7 NOT PY>2002
L11
=> s lesion
        141659 LESION
        302187 LESIONS
L12
        391994 LESION
                 (LESION OR LESIONS)
=> s 112 and 12
             5 L12 AND L2
=> s 113 not py>2002
       1489868 PY>2002
            0 L13 NOT PY>2002
L14
=> d his
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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:15:45 ON 25 JUL 2005)

	FILE 'MEDL	IN	E' ENTERED AT 16:	16:	12 ON 25	JUL	2005				
L1	446342	S	BONE								
L2	133	S	(DICKKOPF () 1)	OR	(DICKKOP	F-1)	OR DICKKOPF1	OR	(DKK1)	OR	(DK
L3	36	S	L2 AND L1								
L4	12	S	L3 NOT PY>2002								
L5	9	S	L4 AND EXPRESS?								
L6	211167	S	OSTEO?								
L7	24	S	L2 AND L6								
L8	9	S	L5 NOT PY>2002								
L9	7	S	L8 NOT PY>2001								
L10	0	S	L7 NOT PY>2001								
L11	3	S	L7 NOT PY>2002								
L12	391994	S	LESION								
L13	5	S	L12 AND L2								
L14	0	S	L13 NOT PY>2002								
=>											

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 16:26:32 ON 25 JUL 2005